

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

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THE NEW YORK CITY DISTRICT COUNCIL OF  
CARPENTERS PENSION FUND, NEW YORK CITY  
DISTRICT COUNCIL OF CARPENTERS WELFARE  
FUND, NEW YORK CITY DISTRICT COUNCIL OF  
CARPENTERS VACATION FUND, NEW YORK CITY  
DISTRICT COUNCIL OF CARPENTERS ANNUITY  
FUND, NEW YORK CITY DISTRICT COUNCIL OF  
CARPENTERS APPRENTICESHIP, JOURNEYMAN  
RETRAINING, EDUCATIONAL AND INDUSTRY  
FUND, NEW YORK CITY DISTRICT COUNCIL OF  
CARPENTERS CHARITY FUND, UNITED BROTHERHOOD  
OF CARPENTERS AND JOINERS OF AMERICA FUND and  
THE NEW YORK CITY AND VICINITY CARPENTERS  
LABOR-MANAGEMENT CORPORATION, by MICHAEL  
J. FORDE, and PAUL O'BRIEN, as TRUSTEES, and  
MICHAEL J. FORDE, as EXECUTIVE SECRETARY-  
TREASURER, DISTRICT COUNCIL FOR NEW YORK  
CITY AND VICINITY, UNITED BROTHERHOOD OF  
CARPENTERS AND JOINERS OF AMERICA,

08 CV 4844 (DLC)

**MEMORANDUM  
OF LAW**

Plaintiffs,

-against-

EMPIRE INTERIOR SYSTEMS, INC.,

Defendant.

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**MEMORANDUM OF LAW**

This memorandum of law is submitted in support of the Petition dated May 23, 2008 to confirm the arbitration award dated April 27, 2008. For the reasons set forth herein, the petition should be granted and a judgment entered confirming the award together with attorneys' fees and costs.

I. The arbitration award should be confirmed.

Confirmation of an arbitration award is generally "a summary proceeding that merely makes what is already a final arbitration award a judgment of the court." D.H. Blair & Co., Inc. v. Gottdiener, 462 F.3d 95, 110 (2d Cir. 2006) (quoting Florasynth, Inc. v. Pickholz, 750 F.2d 171, 176 (2d Cir. 1984)). Arbitration awards are granted great deference by the courts. Duferco Int'l Steel Trading v. T. Klaveness Shipping A/V, 333 F.3d 383, 388 (2d Cir. 2003). Judicial review of an arbitrator's award, entered pursuant to an agreement between an employer and a labor organization, is very limited. Major League Baseball Players Ass'n v. Garvey, 532 U.S. 504, 509 (2001). Provided there exists "even a barely colorable justification" for the arbitrator's determination, the award should be upheld. 187 Concourse Assocs. v. Fishman, 399 F.3d 524, 526 (2d Cir. 2005) (quoting United Paperworkers Int'l Union, AFL-CIO v. Misco, 484 U.S. 29, 38 (1987)).

In D.H. Blair & Co., the Second Circuit ruled that a motion for default judgment made pursuant to an unopposed petition to confirm an arbitration award should be treated as though it was an unopposed motion for summary judgment. 462 F.3d at 109. As such, the court must examine the moving party's submission to determine if it has met its burden of demonstrating that no material issue of fact remains for trial. Id. at 110.

In the case at bar no genuine issues of material fact remain. There was a valid agreement to arbitrate the instant dispute. Defendant is a member of The Association of Wall-Ceiling & Carpentry Industries of New York, Incorporated (hereinafter referred to as the "Association"). The Association is a signatory to a Collective Bargaining Agreement (hereinafter referred to as "Agreement") with the District Council of New York City and Vicinity of the United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners of America, AFL-CIO. (said Agreement is annexed as

Exhibit "A" to the Declaration of Andrew GraBois dated July 22, 2008 and the relevant excerpt of the Association's membership list is annexed hereto as Exhibit "B" to the Declaration of Andrew GraBois dated July 22, 2008). The Agreement provides that "each Employer signatory to this Agreement shall make available to the Trustees of the various Fringe Benefit Trust Funds, or their designated auditing representative, all pertinent books and records...required for an audit, to enable said auditor to ascertain and independently verify that the proper contributions hereunder have been paid and such records will be produced whenever deemed necessary by the Trustees..." (see Article XVI, Section 1(a) of the Agreement annexed as Exhibit "A" to the Declaration of Andrew GraBois dated July 22, 2008). The Agreement requires arbitration for the purposes of settling disputes between the parties, concerning any claim arising from payments to the Fund of principal and/or interest which is allegedly due. (see Article XVI, Section 12 of the Agreement annexed as Exhibit "A" to the Declaration of Andrew GraBois dated July 22, 2008). The Arbitrator was empowered by the parties to make the aforementioned award. The subject arbitrator was specifically named in the Agreement as one of the individuals that the parties agreed could serve as an arbitrator. (see Article XVI, Section 12(b) of the Agreement annexed as Exhibit "A" to the Declaration of Andrew GraBois dated July 22, 2008). Thus, the arbitrator was clearly acting with the scope of the authority granted to him pursuant to the express terms of the Agreement. The Defendant had been sent a Notice of Intention to Arbitrate by the Plaintiffs (a copy of which is annexed as Exhibit "C" to the Declaration of Andrew GraBois dated July 22, 2008) and a Notice of Hearing by the Arbitrator (a copy of which is annexed as Exhibit "D" to the Declaration of Andrew GraBois dated July 22, 2008). As reflected in the award, no response from the Defendant was received by the Plaintiffs nor the Arbitrator. Moreover, the arbitrator's procedural and substantive interpretations of the Agreement are

supported by the contract terms themselves as every employer is required to submit their books and records for audit and inspection. (see Article XVI, Section 1(a) of the Agreement annexed as Exhibit "A" to the Declaration of Andrew GraBois dated July 22, 2008). Lastly, there is no evidence in the record suggesting corruption, fraud, or other impropriety on the part of the arbitrator, nor would confirmation of the award be contrary to public policy. Unopposed motions for summary judgment "fail where the undisputed facts fail to show that the moving party is entitled to judgment as a matter of law." D.H. Blair & Co., Inc. v. Gottdiener, 462 F.3d 95, 110 (2d Cir. 2006) (quoting Vt. Teddy Bear Co. v. 1-800 Beargram Co., 373 F.3d 241, 244 (2d Cir. 2004)). In this matter, the undisputed facts clearly show that Petitioners is entitled to judgment as a matter of law. Thus, confirmation of the arbitration award is appropriate and Defendant must be required to produce any and all books and records for the audit period March 29, 2004 through April 27, 2008 and Plaintiffs are entitled to \$2,350.00 in arbitration fees and costs as awarded by the arbitrator.

II. Plaintiffs are entitled to Attorney's fees incurred in confirming the award

Plaintiffs are entitled to \$1,985.00 in attorneys' fees and costs (\$1,925.00 in attorneys' fees and \$60.00 in costs) they have incurred while pursuing this confirmation action. (See Affidavit of Services annexed as Exhibit "E" to the Declaration of Andrew GraBois dated July 22, 2008). Attorneys' fees and costs are recoverable based on equitable grounds. A court may, in the exercise of its inherent equitable powers, award attorneys fees when an opposing party refuses to abide by an arbitrator's decision without justification (Int'l Chemical Workers Union Local No. 227 v. BASF Wyandotte Corp., 774 F.2d 43, 47 (2d Cir. 1985); New York City Dist. Council of Carpenters Pension Fund v. Eastern Millenium Const., Inc., 2003 WL 22773355, at \*2 (S.D.N.Y. 2003) ) or when the opposing party acts in bad faith when it fails to either pay the

award or file a motion to vacate or modify. In Matter of Arbitration between Soft Drink and Brewery Workders Union Local 812, IBT, AFL-CIO, 1996 WL 420209 (S.D.N.Y. 1996).

Conclusion

Plaintiffs are entitled to judgment against Defendant, compelling Defendant to produce any and all books and records for the audit period of March 29, 2004 through April 27, 2008 and for the total sum of \$4,335.00 which encompasses the amount of \$2,350.00, representing the amount awarded by the arbitrator and attorneys' fees and costs arising out of this action to confirm the arbitrator's award in the amount of \$1,985.00. For all foregoing reasons the motion should be granted and the award confirmed.

Dated: New York, New York  
July 22, 2008

Respectfully submitted,

O'DWYER & BERNSTIEN, LLP

ANDREW GRABOIS (AG 3192)